CLAIMS

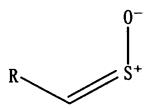
1. A reagent for lacrimation examination, comprising as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following chemical formula:

[Chemical formula 1]

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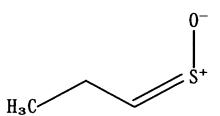
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wherein R represents a C₁₋₅ alkyl chain.

2. A reagent for lacrimation examination, comprising as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following chemical formula.

[Chemical formula 2]



- 3. The reagent for lacrimation examination according to claim 1, which is used for examining dry eye.
- 4. A lacrimation examination kit, comprising:

the reagent for lacrimation examination according to claim 1; and

an exposure container used for exposing the eye to the reagent for lacrimation examination, the exposure container being used to cover the eye in a state in which the inner side thereof faces the eye after the reagent for lacrimation examination is placed

in the exposure container.

- A method of lacrimation examination, the method comprising:
 exposing an eye of a subject to the reagent for lacrimation examination
 according to claim 1.
 - 6. A method of lacrimation examination, the method comprising: an exposure step of exposing an eye of a subject to the reagent for lacrimation examination according to claim 1; and
- a stimulation measurement step of measuring a length of time from the time when the exposure step is started to the time when the subject feels the stimulation, or a degree of stimulation felt by the subject at a certain time point after the start of the exposure step.
- 7. A method of lacrimation examination, the method comprising: an initial tear volume measurement step of measuring a tear volume of a subject in an initial state (the initial tear volume);

an exposure step of exposing an eye of the subject to the reagent for lacrimation examination according to claim 1;

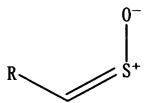
a tear volume measurement step of measuring a tear volume of the subject at a certain time point after the exposure step(a post-exposure tear volume) and/or monitoring a increase with time of the tear volume until that time point; and optionally, a calculation step of calculating the difference in the tear volume in the subject between the initial tear volume and the post-exposure tear volume.

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- 8. A method of lacrimation examination, the method comprising:
- an exposure step of exposing an eye of a subject to the reagent for lacrimation examination according to claim 1; and
- a tear volume measurement step of measuring a tear volume of the subject at a certain time point after the exposure step.
 - 9. The method of lacrimation examination according to claim 7, wherein the tear volume is measured using a radius of tear meniscus curvature.
- 35 10. The method of lacrimation examination according to claim 5, wherein the exposure of the reagent for lacrimation examination to the eye of the subject is accomplished in a non-contact manner.

11. A lacrimation promoter composition, containing as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following chemical formula:

[Chemical formula 3]



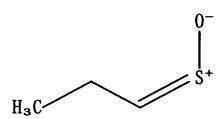
wherein R represents a C₁₋₅ alkyl chain.

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12. A lacrimation promoter composition, containing as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following chemical formula.

[Chemical formula 4]



- 13. The lacrimation promoter composition according to claim 11, which is used for prevention or treatment of dry eye.
- 15 14. A lacrimation promoter kit, comprising:
 the lacrimation promoter composition according to claim 11; and
 an exposure container used for exposing an eye to the reagent for lacrimation
 examination, wherein the exposure container is used to cover the eye in a state in
 which the inner side thereof faces the eye after the lacrimation promoter composition is
 20 placed in the exposure container.